SDMS US EPA REGION V -1

SOME IMAGES WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT MAY BE ILLEGIBLE DUE TO BAD SOURCE DOCUMENTS.

KIRKLAND & ELLIS

A PARTNERSHIP INCLUDING PROFESSIONAL CORPORATIONS

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December 2, 1989

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS

Christine Zeman, Esq.
Assistant Attorney General
Office of Attorney General
Environmental Control Division
500 South Second Street
Springfield, Illinois 62706

Re: Sauget Sites -- Area II

Dear Ms. Zeman:

As a follow-up to our November 27, 1989 meeting in Springfield, Illinois, I enclose supplemental documents supporting the issuance of PRP notification letters and information requests to several additional PRPs.

First, enclosed is a copy of title search documentation reflecting the ownership of property apparently within the metes and bounds of Site Q, the Sauget landfill. These documents indicate that the following companies held title to parcels within Site Q during the relevant period of disposal at Site Q: Phillips Petroleum Company, Pillsbury Company, Patgood, Inc., Peavey Company, Con-Agra, Inc., Cahokia Trust, Donald C. Elsaesser, or Successor Trustee, Robert H. McRoberts, or Successor Trustee, Russell P. Richardson, or Successor Trustee, St. Louis Union Trust, River Port Fleeting, Inc., Notre Dame Fleeting and Towing Service, Inc., and Fred H. Leyhe.

Second, with respect to the involvement of Union Electric Company at Site Q, we would refer you to Section 2, Pages 58-64, of the August, 1988 report by Ecology & Environment, Inc., an Illinois EPA contractor. This report clearly indicates that Union Electric Company operated several fly ash ponds at Site Q during the relevant period of disposal at Site Q.

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Ms. Christine Zeman, Esq. December 2, 1989 Page Two

Third, our understanding is that Sterling Steel Casting Company is otherwise known as Sterling Steel Foundry, Inc. However, we further understand that the Sterling Steel entity sold or transferred certain assets used in the generation of hazardous waste to St. Louis Steel Foundry, Inc. in Sauget, Illinois.

Fourth, with respect to Site O -- Sauget Treatment Plant pits and lagoons, we identifed the following additional PRPs that should be issued PRP notification letters and information requests: Mobil Oil Corporation, Ethyl Corporation. Goldfields American Corporation, Blue Tee Corporation, Russell Bliss, Rodgers Cartage, Wiese Planning & Engineering, Inc. and the Sauget Sanitary District Research Association ("SSDRA"). understanding is that each of these companies either discharged wastes to the pits and lagoons or operated the treatment plants. We understand that the SSDRA has custody or control of those documents which reflect the nature and volume of wastes discharged and disposed of by the above companies at Site O. would suggest that you direct an information request to the SSDRA seeking this information, all of which should be publicly In the alternative, some of this information may available. be in the discharge monitoring reports filed regularly by the SSDRA with the Illinois EPA, Division of Water Pollution Control.

Finally, supplemental information regarding additional generator PRPs at Site Q may possibly be obtained by issuing an administrative deposition subpoena to the operator/owner of the Sauget landfill, Paul Sauget.

Should you have questions regarding the enclosure, please call me.

Sincerely.

Thomas O. Kuhns

Enclosure

SAS100R

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PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Subject property consists of two parcels of land located on the south side of Riverview Avenue and being part of the Third Subdivision of Cahokia Commons in St. Clair County, Illinois.

Parcel #1 is identified by St. Clair County as Parcel #01-27-400-015 and contains 164.67 acres. It has a total assessed valuation of \$27,950.

Parcel #2 is identified by St. Clair County as Parcel #01-34-100-006 and contains 63.33 acres. It has a total assessed valuation of \$10,710.

PARCEL NUMBER 01-27-400-015

Book/Page: Deed recorded in Book 2376, Page 854 through 847.

Date: The instrument was dated December 31, 1974 and filed for record January 30, 1975.

Grantor: Fred H. Leyhe and Louise K. Leyhe, his wife.

Grantee: River Port Fleeting, Inc.
Suite 1 252

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Suite 1 252 Pierce Building

St. Louis, MO 63102

Remarks: Deed prepared by William H. Leyhe, III, Attorney Suite 653, 7701 Forsyth

Clayton, MO 63105

PARCEL NUMBER 01-27-400-015 & PARCEL NUMBER 01-34-100-006

Parcel Number 01-27-400-015

Book/Page:

Book 2344, Trustee's Deed Page 164 through 170, Mortgage Page 171 through 186.

Date:

March 30, 1973.

Grantor:

Donald C. Elsaesser, Robert H. McRoberts (Successor Trustee to Charles E. Richardson, deceased), and Russell P. Richardson, not individually but as Trustees under Deed dated December 26, 1928 recorded in Book 723, Page 371 of the St. Clair County Records, extended and modified December 17, 1968 and recorded as Document Number A303205 in Book 2155, Page 25-54 of the St. Clair County Records.

Grantee:

Fred H. Leyhe.

Mortgage:

Mortgagor - Fred H. Leyhe and Louise K. Leyhe, Mortgagee - Grantors. Loan amount \$1,526,430.00 with interest at 7% per annum payable in annual installments (14 at \$101,762, one at unpaid balance), last payment due and payable April 2, 1988.

Parcel Number 01-34-100-006

Book/Page:

Book 2344, Trustee's Deed Page 187 through 193, Mortgage Page 194 through 209.

Date:

March 30, 1973.

Grantor:

Same as above.

Grantee:

Notre Dame Fleeting and Towing Service, Inc., a Missouri Corporation.

Mortgage:

Mortgagor - same as Grantee, executed by Fred H. Leyhe, President and attested by Gordon I. Herzog, Secretary; Mortgagee - same as Grantor. Loan amount \$1,156,736.00 at 7% per annum payable in 15 annual installments with the last payment of \$77,115.73 due April 2, 1988.

(Both Parceis)

Book/Page:

Book 2155, Page 25 through 54.

Date:

December 17, 1968.

Grantor:

St. Louis Union Trust, Robert H. McRoberts, Pauline S. Eades, Trustees (23% of 24/126

interest in Trust).

St. Louis Union Trust, Robert H. McRoberts, Carolyn Essmann, Trustees (77% of 24/126

interest in Trust).

Pauline S. Eades (formerly Pitzman) and Dr. Dee W. Eades, her husband, Trustees

(18/126).

Russell P. Richardson and Irma Richardson, his wife, Trustees (11/126). Lucy R. Hurst and James L. Hurst, her husband, Trustees, (11/126).

Louise P. Lucas, a widow, Trustee, (18/126).

St. Louis Union Trust, Charles E. Richardson, Trustees (44/126).

Grantee:

Donald C. Elsaesser, Charles E. Richardson, Russell P. Richardson, Trustees.

Remarks:

This instrument is an "Extension of Agreement" extending the Trust established by Deed recorded in Book 723, Page 371 which conveyed properties to Fredrick Pitzman and Josephine E. Methudy, Trustees. Between the time the Deed was recorded in Book 723, Page 371, December 26, 1928, and the date of this "Extension of Agreeement", December 17, 1968, this Deed was extended three times as follows:

September 23, 1938, Book 885, Page 336. September 20, 1948, Book 1121, Page 391. November 26, 1958, Book 1594, Page 391.

The "Extension of Agreement" dated December 17, 1968 extended the Trust to December 26, 1978 and among other things gave the Trustees the authority to deed properties.

(Both Parcels)

Book/Page:

Book 723, Page 371 through 381.

Date:

December 26, 1928.

Grantor:

Pitzman Interest -

Fredrick Pitzman, a single person, 1/8 interest. Marsh Pitzman, a single person, 1/8 interest.

Louise P. Lucas and Oliver G. Lucas, her husband, 1/8 interest. Florence P. Herman and Edward Herman, her husband, 1/8 interest.

Kehr Interest -

Josephine E. Methudy, a single person, 1/8 interest.

Eugene R. Methudy and Frances K. Methudy, his wife, 1/8 interest. Edward J. Methudy and Laura B. Methudy, his wife, 1/8 interest.

Lucy E. L. Richardson and Russell A. Richardson, her husband, 1/8 interest.

Grantee:

Fredrick Pitzman (representing the beneficial interest of Julius Pitzman) and Josephine E. Methudy (representing the beneficial interest of Edward C. Kehr).

Remarks:

This document was titled "Cahokia Trust Agreement" which made the Grantees Trustees of the Grantors. 13 parcels were conveyed to the Trustees and any "other property owned by Julius Pitzman and Edward C. Kehr that said Julius Pitzman and Edward C. Kehr owned as tenants in common at the time of Kehrs death", whether those properties were described in this instrument or not. The Trustees were given the power to sell.

(Both Parcels)

Book/Page:

Book 523, Page 69 through 75.

Date:

May 22, 1918.

Grantor:

Julius Pitzman and Caroline Pitzman, his wife.

Josephine E. Methudy, a single person.

Lucy E. L. Richardson and Russell Richardson, her husband.

Eugene R. Methudy and Edna Methudy, his wife.

Edward J. Methudy, a single person.

Grantee:

Julius Pitzman and Josephine E. Methudy.

Remarks: ..

This Deed conveyed 20 parcels of real estate and all "other property owned by Juliu-Pitzman and Edward C. Kehr as tenants in common at the time of Kehrs death. The 20 legal descriptions in this instrument were of such a broad description that subject parcels could have been any one of a number of properties described or could have been those properties described as "all other properties owned by Pitzman and Kehr at the time of Kehrs death".

Grantees were "imposed upon" to serve as Trustees and Josephine E. Methudy was described as the Executrix and Legatee of Edward C. Kehr. At death, Kehr left his interest in real estate as follows:

Julius Pitzman (1/2).

Josephine E. Methudy (1/8).

Lucy E. I. Richardson (1/8).

Eugene R. Methudy (1/8).

Edward J. Methudy (1/8).

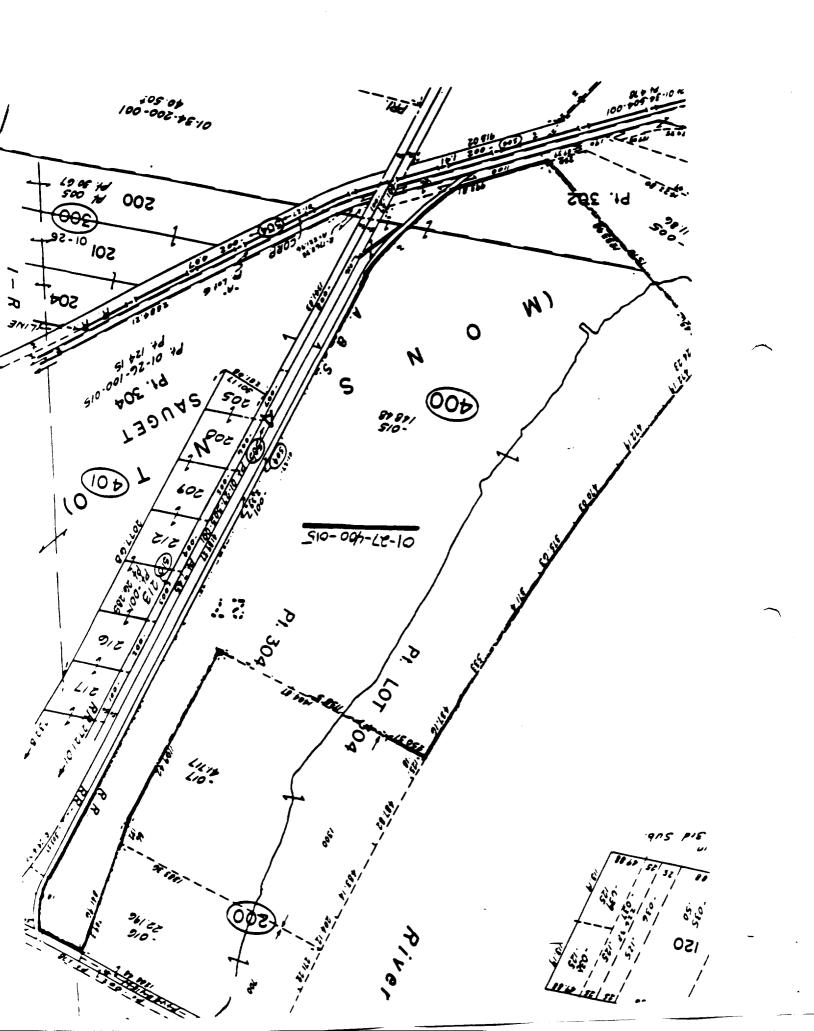
Since Julius Pitzman and Edward C. Kehr were tenants in common in these properties, after Kehr left a 1/2 interest in his properties to Julius Pitzman, Pitzman should have then had approximately 3/4's interest in the real estate.

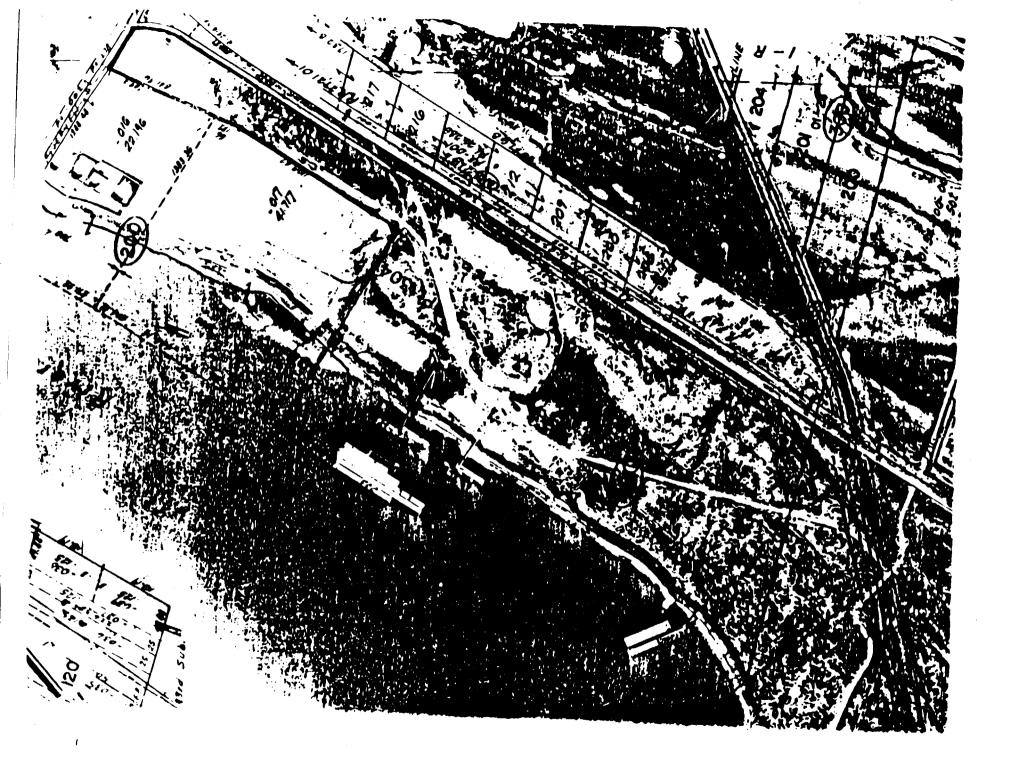
The document recorded in Book 523, Page 69 through 75 and dated May 22, 1918, ties subject parcels from 1918 to present. In order to tie Julius Pitzman and Edward C. Kehr to the document of May 22, 1918, a Deed or other instrument must be found conveying interest in subject parcels to them. The following table is a listing of properties conveyed to Julius Pitzman, Julius Pitzman, etal, or Julius Pitzman and Edward C. Kehr from a period of time between 1877 and 1907. In order to tie Pitzman and Kehr to the document of May 22, 1918, each one of these instruments would have to be reviewed.

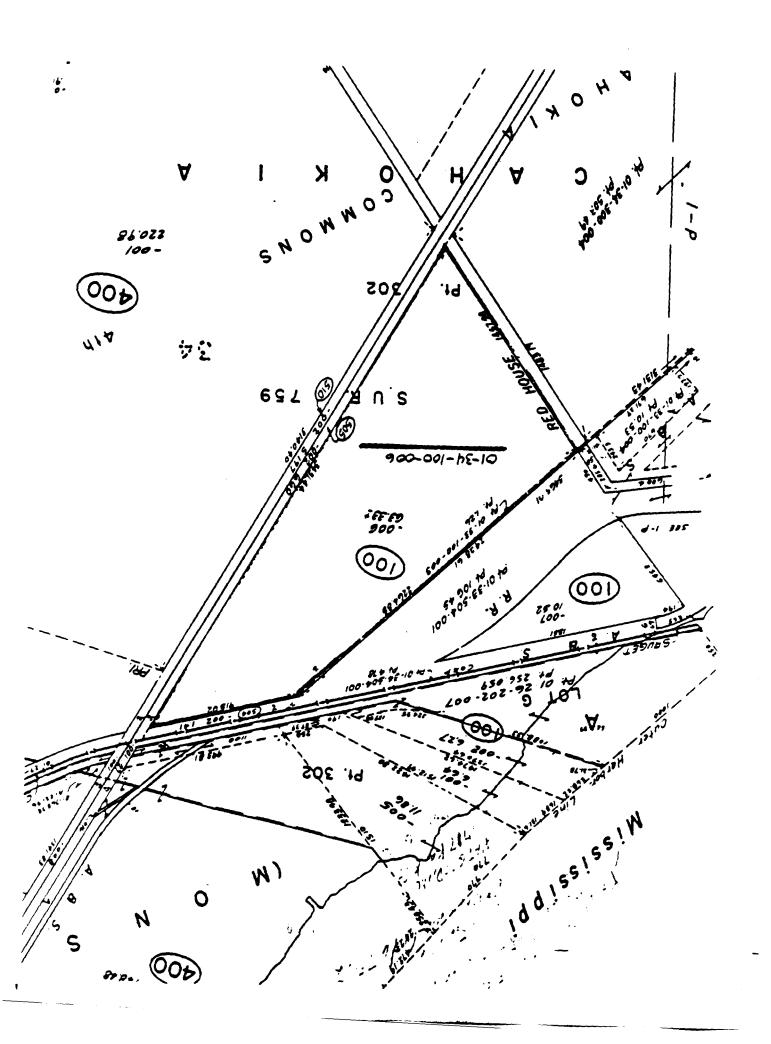
The document most likely to connect these individuals would be one dated January 14, 1892 (recorded in Book 217, Page 353) whereby Edward C. Kehr conveyed an undivided 1/2 interest to Julius Pitzman. However, because the description of the properties conveyed in this instrument were of such a general nature (that is, describing tracts of land that could include subject property plus much more property) it is very difficult to determine the exact document connecting these individuals to the document of May 22, 1918. Further, this is only a listing of the properties acquired by Pitzman. A similar list for Kehr would have to be obtained and reviewed.

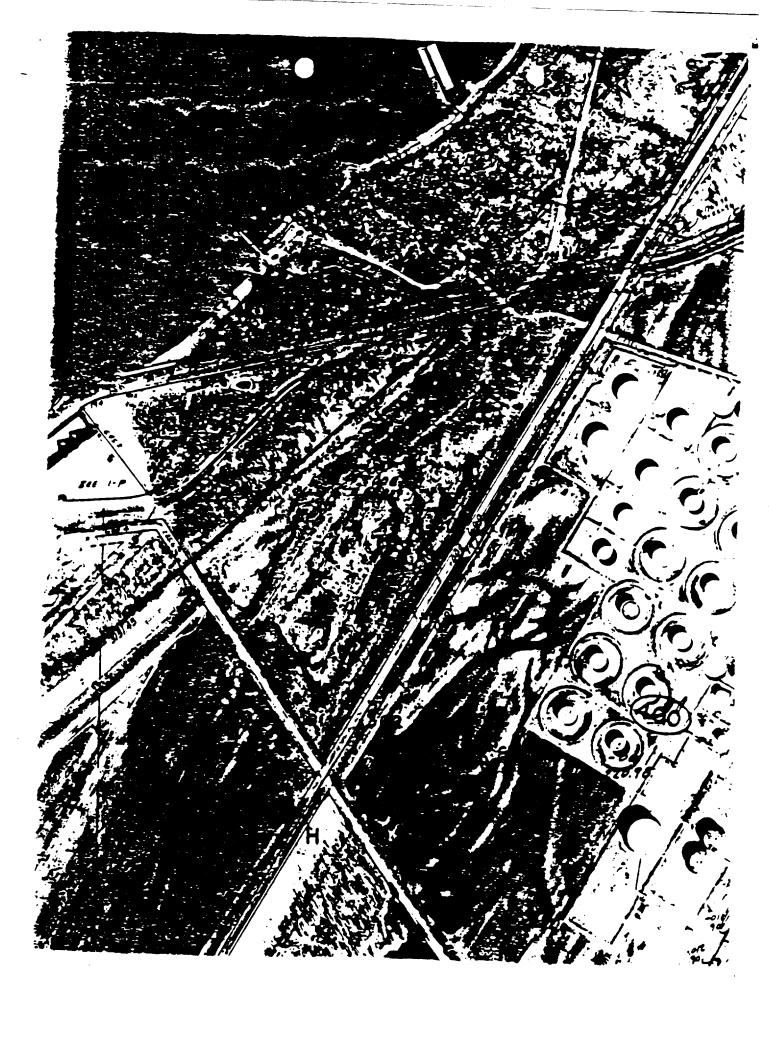
Date	Grantee	Grantor	Book/Page
12/19/1877	Julius Pitzman	Surwald Clara	166/253
3/8/1882	Julius Pitzman	Borsmenue Josephine	165/92
3/7/1883	Julius Pitzman	Cahokia by Supervising	169/546
5/7/1887	Julius Pitzman	Rombauer Real Estate	190/123
10/3/1889	Julius Pitzman, etal	Koerner Gustavus	206/46
1/14/1892	Julius Pitzman, etal (undivided 1/2 interest)	Kehr, Edward C.	217/353
12/3/1892	Julius Pitzman, etal	Carlton, James N. & wife	231/402
12/3/1892	Julius Pitzman, etal	Neel, James Canlouge	231/402
12/2/1893	Julius Pitzman	Kehr, Edward C.	224/422
3/31/1896	Julius Pitzman, etal	McCracken, Nick etal	201/357
3/31/1896	Julius Pitzman, etal	McCracken, Nick etal	201/358
5/1/1896	Julius Pitzman, etal	Cahokia, Village of	244/552
5/1/1896	Julius Pitzman, etal	Cahokia, Village of	244/553
6/22/1898	Julius Pitzman, etal	Lavalle, Francis by Exec.	262/144
7/20/1898	Julius Pitzman, etal	Brachett, Louise	262/260
7/25/1898	Julius Pitzman, etal	Comderalle, Mary	252/482
8/27/1898	Julius Pitzman, etal	Droit, Camille W.	262/394
11/16/1898	Julius Pitzman Trustee etal	Karr, A.	266/345
11/16/1898	Julius Pitzman Trustee etal	Kehr, Edward C., etal	266/345

Date	Grantee	Grantee	Book/Page
11/16/1898	Julius Pitzman Trustee etal	Franklin Bank	266/345
11/16/1898	Julius Pitzman Trustee etal	Perio Cinderalle	264/13
2/15/1899	Julius Pitzman, etal	Palmier, Mary	252/581
3/7/1899	Julius Pitzman, etal	Doerr	264/364
5/26/1899	Julius Pitzman, etal	Bordeaux Lizzee	270/143
5/26/1899	Julius Pitzman, etal	Gerber Rose, etal	270/143
6/11/1900	Julius Pitzman, etal	St. Louis Belle-South	268/310
6/11/1900	Julius Pitzman, etal	Jarvis, George F.	278/179
1/2/1901	Julius Pitzman	St. John Frederick	228/627
7/11/1901	Julius Pitzman	Cahokia	292/70
7/11/1901	Julius Pitzman	Cahokia	268/551
7/11/1901	Julius Pitzman	Cahokia	2 9 2/71
7/11/1901	Julius Pitzman	Cahokia	292/72
7/11/1901	Julius Pitzman	Cahokia	292/73
7/14/1903	Julius Pitzman, etal	Bosancon, Adeline	318/11
12/15/1906	Julius Pitzman, etal	Martin, Charles	356/509
8/8/1907	Julius Pitzman, etal	Marigold August	372/350









II

Sale Q - Sauget Landfill

41.14

Landowners

- · Cahokia Trust (Donald C. Elsaesser, Robert H. McRoberts & Russell P. Richardson -- Trustees)
- · St. Louis Union Trust
- · Fred H. Leyhe
- · Monsanto
- · Notre Dame Fleeting & Towing Service, Inc.
- · Phillips Pipeline Company -
- · Patgood Inc. -
- · River Port Fleeting, Inc.
- · River port Terminal and Fleeting Company

Operators

- · Sauget & Company
- · Paul Sauget
- · Eagle Marine Industries, Inc. (Terminal Operators)
- Peavy Inc. (Subsidiary of Con Agra successor to leaseholder at grain terminal)
- · Pillsbury, Inc. (Terminal Operator)
- · Union Electric (Operated Flyash Ponds on Site)

Users/Disposers

- · Village of Sauget
- · City of St. Louis
- · Local Industries

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31/0.50

Site O - Sauget Treatment Plant Lagoons & Pits

Landowners

- · Village of Sauget
- · Clayton Chemical Company (Past owner of the Site)

Operators

- · Sauget Sanitary Development & Research Association
- · Goldfields American Corporation (Successor firm To American Zinc Company who operated the Amax site.)
- Blue Tee Corporation (Successor firm To American Zinc
 Company who operated the Amax site.)

Users/Disposers

- · Clayton Chemical Company
- · Amax Zinc Company
- · Cerro Copper
- · Midwest Rubber Reclaiming
- · Mobil Oil Corporation
- · Monsanto
- · Wiese Planning And Engineering
- Russell Bliss (Stored contaminated oil on-site in a tank leased from Clayton Chemical)
- Sterling Steel Foundry, Inc.
 - · Rodgers Cartage

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Sauget/Cahokia Sites Project L1630200005 St. Clair County



Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

-Sauget/Cahokia Sites Project L1630200005

Scope of Work

- Locate and define types and quantities of hazardous materials at the DCP sites;
- Provide a detailed description of area hydrogeology and its effect on contaminant migration and fate;
- Provide a comprehensive catalog of vastes present at the various project sites;
- Where possible, locate or define sources of contaminant releases;
- Identify past, present, and anticipated methods or pathways of contaminant release, and specific contaminants released;
- Assess the expected movement of contaminants in the matrices sampled, and identify potential receptors of contaminants; and
- · Provide a data base for HRS scoring of the sites.

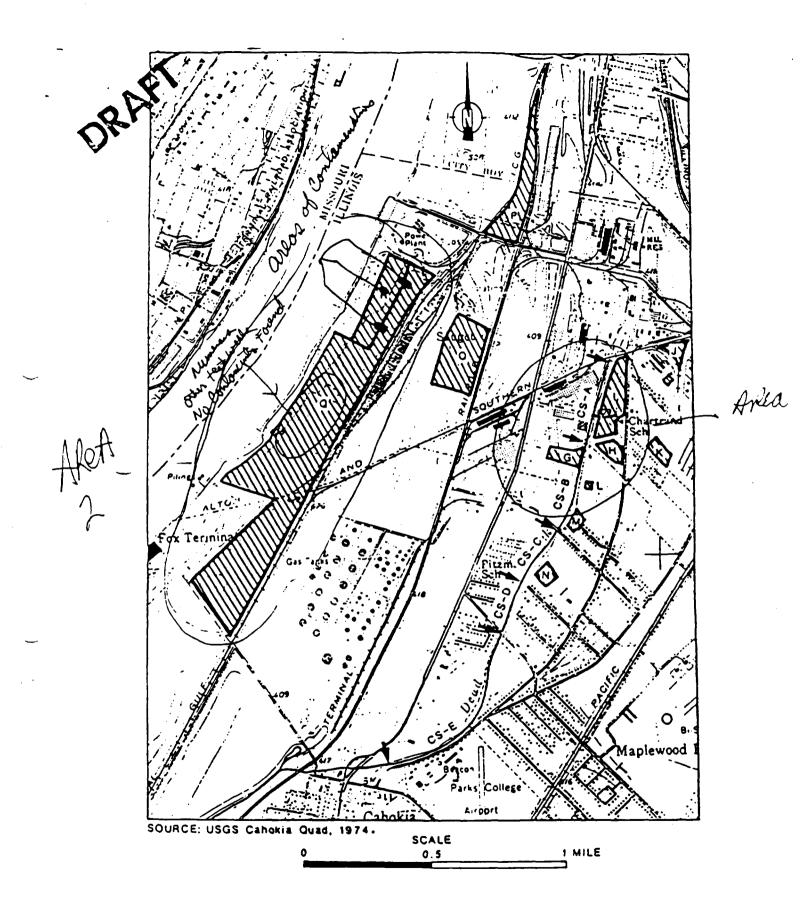


FIGURE 2-2 SITE REPORTING DESIGNATIONS FOR THE DEAD CREEK PROJECT

SITE BACKGROUND

SITE DESCRIPTION

The DCP area is located in and around the cities of Sauget (formerly Monsanto) and Cahokia in west-central St. Clair County, Illinois. The project area consists of 12 suspected uncontrolled hazardous waste sites, and six segments of Dead Creek, which is an intermittent stream flowing southerly in the eastern portion of the project area. To avoid confusion stemming from various file designations or aliases for the various sites or creek sectors, each site or creek sector has been assigned an alphabetical designation (see Figure 2-2). The disposal sites occupy approximately 220 acres.

ABANDONED LANDFILL

Site G. Site G is a former subsurface/surface disposal area which occupies approximately 4.5 acres. The site is located in Sauget and is bordered on the north by Oueeny Avenue, on the east by Dead Creek, on the south by a cultivated field, and on the west by Viese Engineering Company property.

The surface of Site G is littered with demolition debris and metal wastes. Two small pits are located in the northeast and east-central portions of the site. Oily and tar-like vastes, along with scattered corroded drums, are found in these areas. Additionally, 20 to 30 deteriorated drums are scattered along a ridge running east-west, near the southern perimeter of the site. The western portion of Site G contains a mounded area with several corroded drums protruding from the surface. A large depression is found immediately south of the mounded area. This depression receives surface runoff from a sizable area within the site. Exposed debris is also present over most of the site. In areas where wastes are not exposed, fly ash and cinder material has been used as cover. Presently, a chain-link fence surrounds Site G. The fence was constructed in May 1987 as a response action after high levels of organic contamination were detected in surficial soils.

ROGER'S CARTAGE PROPERTY

Site H. Site H is a former subsurface disposal area covering approximately 5 acres. The site is located in Cahokia immediately southwest of the intersection of Oueeny Avenue and Falling Springs Road. On the surface, Site H is an open field which has been covered, vegetated, and graded. Several depression areas, capable of retaining rainwater, are also evident across the site. Surface drainage is generally to the west; although certain localized drainage is toward the depressions. Waste material is not evident on the surface of the site. Access to Site H is not controlled.

CERRO COPPER PRODUCTS

Site I. Site I, in Sauget, consists of approximately the eastern one-third of the Cerro Copper Products (Cerro) property. Cerro is a copper refining and tube manufacturing facility. Site I is approximately 55 acres in area and is a former sand and gravel pit which was subsequently filled with unknown wastes. Two holding ponds (Creek Sector A) which formerly served as headwaters for Dead Creek are located along the west side of Site I. The former gravel pit/fill area was covered and graded, and is presently used for equipment and scrap storage and truck trailer parking. No waste material or drums are evident on the surface of Site I. Access to the entire Cerro property is controlled by a chain-link fence and a 24-hour guard at the main entrance to the facility.

STERLING STEEL FOUNDRY

Site J. Site J is in two segments on the Sterling Steel Foundry Property in Sauget in the eastern part of the OCP. It consists of two pits and a surface disposal area presently utilized by Sterling. The surface disposal area, occupies approximately 5 acres triangular area northeast of the plant buildings, south of Alton and Southern Railroad, and west of a bermed area. Casting sand, slag, and miscellaneous debris covers this entire area. A small pit contiguous to the triangular area, north of the main foundry building has been partially filled with casting sand and baghouse dust. No evidence of chemical waste disposal is apparent in this area. A larger pit is situated southeast of the plant buildings. This pit has been partially filled with casting sand and miscellaneous debris. The larger pit is approximately 25 feet deep, and there is water at the the bottom of it. The entire Sterling property is bordered by a chain-link fence; however, the entrance gate is not locked or guarded.

FORMER SAND PIT

Site K. Site K is of a former sand pit identified through of historical aerial photographs. The pit has been filled with unknown materials and covered with soil and gravel, and the area has been graded to the surrounding topography. The site is located in Sauget north of a residential area on Oueeny Avenue, and east of Falling Springs Road. Site K covers approximately 6 acres and is presently unoccupied. Several trailer homes and houses are located within 100 feet of the site. Access to Site K is not restricted.

OLD WAGGONER COMPANY IMPOUNDMENT

Site L. Site L is the location of a former surface impoundment used by a hazardous and special waste hauler to dispose of wash water from truck cleaning operations. The dimensions of the impoundment are approximately 70 feet by 150 feet. The impoundment was approximately 250 feet south of the present Metro Construction Equipment Company (Metro) building, and approximately 125 feet east of Dead Creek in Cahokia. The site is now covered with black cinders, and is used by Metro for equipment storage. Several rows of heavy construction equipment are presently stored in the site area. No waste material is apparent at the surface of Site L. Access to the area is not controlled.

H.H. HALL CONSTRUCTION CO.

Site M. Site M, in Cahokia, is a former sand pit excavated by the H.H. Hall Construction Company in the mid to late 1940s. It is located immediately east of Dead Creek, and approximately 300 feet north of Judith Lane. The dimensions of the pit are approximately 275 by 350 feet, and the estimated depth is 40 feet. The pit is presently filled with water, although it remains unclear whether the water is a surface expression of the groundwater, or simply collected rainwater and drainage. Site M is connected to CS-B of Dead Creek by a drainageway, or cut-through, located in the southwest corner of the pit.

This cut-through is approximately 8 feet wide, and allows flow between the creek and the pit. The east bank of the pit is strewn with miscellaneous trash and debris. Other than this material, no evidence of waste disposal is apparent in the pit.

Presently, Site M is enclosed by a chain-link fence, which also encompasses CS-B. A small residential area is located just east of the pit on Walnut Street, which earlier served as an access road to Site M. The pit was excavated prior to any residential development on this street.

H.H. HALL CONSTRUCTION CO.

Site N. Site N is an excavated area in the southwest corner of an inactive construction yard owned by the H.H. Hall Construction Company of East St. Louis. The site is 4 acres in area and is bordered on the northwest by Dead Creek. The excavated area has been partially filled with construction and demolition debris, but the area remains below the surrounding topography.

The Hall property is presently used only for equipment storage. Access to the Hall property is restricted by a chain-link fence with a padlocked gate.

SAUGET WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANT

Site 0. Site 0 contains four inactive sludge dewatering lagoons associated with the Sauget Waste Water Treatment Plant. The site is located on Mobile Avenue in Sauget. The property covers approximately 45 acres in a heavily industrialized area. The former sludge lagoons Site 0 covers approximately 20 acres to the south of the treatment plant buildings. The lagoons have been covered with a clay cap and vegetated, and no waste material is evident on the surface. An access road to the new American Bottoms Treatment Plant, located immediately southwest of the former lagoons, runs through the middle of the site. Although chain-link fencing surrounds most of the site, vehicular traffic on the access road is not restricted.

SAUGET/MONSANTO LANDFILL

Site P. Site P is an inactive, IEPA-permitted landfill covering approximately 20 acres in the northern part of the DCP in Sauget. The site is bordered on the west by Illinois Central Gulf Railroad tracks; on the south by Monsanto Avenue; and on the east by the Terminal Railroad Association railroad tracks. The two railroads converge at the north end of the site.

Site P is characterized by steep sloping landfill sides along its east and south-central portions. The majority of the site is covered with cinders. Deep erosional channels are prevalent along the slopes. The south-central portion of the site was not landfilled because of the presence of a potable water line in this area. A nightclub and parking lot presently occupy approximately 3 acres in the southeast corner of the site. Access to the site is not restricted.

SAUGET/SAUGET LANDFILL Rungout

Site Q. Site Q is an inactive waste disposal facility in Sauget and Cahokia. The facility was operated by Sauget and Company between 1966 and 1973. The site covers approximately 90 acres. The site is located on east bank of the Mississippi River between the Mississippi and United States Army Corps of Engineers (COE) flood control levee. The northern one-third of Site O is situated immediately east of Site R.

The majority of Site Q is presently occupied by the Pillsbury Company, which operates a coal and grain unloading and transfer facility on the property. Large mounds of coal and cinders are present in the northern one-half of the property. The southern portion of the site is presently unoccupied. Some random dumping of household-type waste is evident in this area. A railroad spur divides the site, running north from the Alton and Southern Railroad tracks to the northern one-third of the property, where it ends. Several ponds, including two in the east-central portion and two in the area south of the Alton and Southern Railroad tracks, also exist on the site. Vehicular access to Site Q is presently restricted by fencing in the northern portion of the site and by a 24-hour guard at the main gate. Pedestrian access to the site, however, is unrestricted in the southern portion of the site.

SAUGET TOXIC DUMP

Site R. Site R, in Sauget, is the Sauget Toxic Dump (also known as the Krummrich Landfill), an inactive industrial waste landfill owned by the Monsanto Chemical Company (Monsanto) and used by the Monsanto as a landfill between 1957 and 1977. Site R occupies approximately 36 acres. The site is located immediately west and north of Site O. A Monsanto feedstock tank farm is located adjacent to the site on the northwest side, between Site R and the Mississippi. Site R is presently covered with a clay cap vegetated. Drainage flows to ditches around the perimeter of the site. The riverbank adjacent to the site is covered with rip-rap consisting of large rocks and boulders. Access to Site R is restricted by a chain-link fence, and television cameras are used to monitor activity at the main gate. A second gate provides access through Site O.

Dead Creek Sectors A and B. Creek Sector A (CS-A), is on Cerro products property in Sauget and is located immediately west of the former sand pit which constitutes Site I of the DCP. The creek in this area presently consists of two holding ponds which receive surface runoff and roof drainage from Cerro. According to Cerro officials, no process wastewater, cooling water, or other waste is discharged to the ponds. The water in CS-A is highly discolored and oily, as evidenced by staining along the creek banks. A culvert located at the south end of CS-A under Oueeny Avenue was blocked some time in the early 1970s to prevent flow to the remainder of the creek. Since CS-A lies entirely on access is as described above for Site I.

Creek Sector B (CS-B) is the portion of Dead Creek lying between Oueeny Avenue and Judith Lane in Sauget and Cahokia. Three other sites in the DCP study area are located adjacent to CS-B, namely, Site G to the northwest, Site L to the northeast, and Site M to the southeast. All of these sites have been identified at one time or another as possible sources of pollution in CS-B. Presently, CS-B and Site M encompassed by a chain-link fence which was installed by the USEPA in 1982. The banks of the creek are heavily vegetated, and debris is scattered throughout the northern one-half of CS-B. Culverts at Oueeny Avenue and Judith Lane have been blocked, preventing any release of contaminants to the remainder of the creek. Water levels in the creek

Dead Creek Sectors C through F. Creek Sectors C through F include the entire length of Dead Creek south of Judith Lane. This portion of the creek flows south-southwest through the Village of Cahokia prior to discharging into the Prairie DuPont Floodway. The floodway subsequently discharges into the Cahokia Chute of the Mississippi River. The creek is wider in these sectors than in Sectors A and B, and the banks are not as heavily vegetated as along CS-B. In the southern portion of CS-D, near Parks College, the creek runs underground through a corrugated pipe. The creek resurfaces briefly at the intersection of Illinois Route 157 and Falling Springs Road. Downstream of this point, the creek runs west through a series of culverts prior to draining into a wetland area west of Illinois Route 3.

Creek Sectors C through F are delineated as follows: CS-C, Judith Lane to Cahokia Street; CS-D, Cahokia Street to Jerome Street; CS-E, Jerome Street to the intersection of Illinois Routes 3 and 157; and CS-F, from this intersection to the discharge point in Old Prairie DuPont Creek. Access to Creek Sectors C through F is unrestricted, and children have been observed playing in and around the creek on several occasions.

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The study area for the Dead Creek Project (DCP) consists of 18 sites in the towns of Sauget and Cahokia in St. Clair County, Illinois (see attached map). The Illinois EPA became aware of the problems in this area in 1980 when periodic smoldering of materials in a ditch (Dead Creek) was observed. Following an initial inspection, the agency received information that a local resident's dog had come in contact with wastes in the ditch and died of apparent chemical burns.

Historically, during World War II, the study area was heavily developed by industry to support the war effort. Due to this development and the geologic conditions in the area, open pit mining occurred in many areas to supply sand and gravel resources. Following the war, excess product was landfilled and covered in the numerous excavations. Wastes reported to have been buried in these excavations include phosquene gas and munitions in addition to organic and inorganic industrial wastes. The excavated areas were identified by the Illinois EPA from a series of past aerial photographs, and by a thermal infrared survey of the area.

The filling of past excavations was followed by utilization of Dead Creek as receiving water for effluent and surface drainage of various industries. The Illinois EPA performed a preliminary study of the area in 1980, finding excessive levels of organic and inorganic contaminants in and around the creek. Contaminants detected included: PCBs, aliphatic hydrocarbons, dichlorobenzene, lead, cadmium, and arsenic. During the Illinois EPA study, drillers were overcome by organic vapors while installing a monitoring well east of the creek

and adjacent to a former seepage lagoon. Sampling of this well and the lagoon indicated high levels of the aforementioned contaminants.

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Following World War II, chemical companies in the area returned to normal processes, including the manufacturing of defoliants, pesticides, and herbicides. From the mid-1950s to the early 1970s, the byproducts and wastes from these manufacturing processes were landfilled in the Site R and possibly Site Q areas (see map). Drilling and sampling by E & E in 1983 at Site Q indicated the presence of 63 of the 117 priority pollutants designated by the USEPA, including quantifiable levels of 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD). Dioxin was also detected in soil samples at Site O. Site P is an Illinois EPA-permitted landfill known to have accepted hazardous waste residues in violation of their permit.